

# **Anionic Rapid Setting Emulsion**

# **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product Identifier	Anionic Rapid Setting Emulsion
Other Means of Identification	(i) RS-1 (S) (H) (P) (AS); (ii) RS-2 (S) (H) (P) (AS)
Product Family	Anionic Emulsion
Recommended Use	Tack Coating.
<b>Restrictions on Use</b>	None known.
Manufacturer/Supplier Identifier	McAsphalt Industries Ltd, 8800 Sheppard Ave East, Toronto, Ontario, M1B 5R4, 416-281-8181
Emergency Phone No.	CANUTEC, (613) 996 - 6666, 24 hours
	McAsphalt Industries Ltd., 1 - (800) - 268 - 4238, 8AM-5PM Monday to Friday

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Classified according to Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015).

Classification

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4; Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Label Elements



Warning Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Avoid contact with heated asphalt and water IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

# **Other Hazards**

Dark Black-Brown. characteristic asphaltic odour or "rotten egg" odour if H2S present, but odour is an unreliable warning, since it may deaden the sense of smell. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause drying of the skin which may produce irritation or dermatitis.

# **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers	Other Names
Asphalt (Bitumen)	8052-42-4	55-75		
Water	7732-18-5	25-45		
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	0-3		
Styrene-butadiene copolymers	9003-55-8	0-3		
FUEL OIL NO. 2	68476-30-2	0-1		

# Notes

Some mixtures may contain Potassium Hydroxide (KOH) or Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH) as caustic additives for emulsifiers.

During storage or transit of hot asphalt, hydrogen sulphide may be generated. The composition and percentages listed will vary based on the product type.

# **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

# **First-aid Measures**

# Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Seek Medical Help.

# Skin Contact

Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing if necessary. For hot asphalt splash, cool affected body part with water immersion or shower. Do not attempt to remove asphalt from the skin. Once the bitumen has cooled, it will do no further harm and in fact provide a sterile covering over a burnt area. As healing takes place, the bitumen plaque, the bitumen plaque will detach itself, usually after a few days. For skin soiling without underlying burn, cleanse with mineral oil followed by soap and water. Use olive oil in vicinity of eyes.

# Eye Contact

Get medical attention immediately. Rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open.

#### Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconcious person. Get medical attention immediately.

# **First-aid Comments**

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention.

# Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include' weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe over exposure; coma and death. At higher concentrations (above 10 ppm), hydrogen sulphide is extremely toxic by inhalation, may cause respiratory-tract irritation and respiratory failure, coma and death. Pulmonary edema can occur up to 24 hours after hydrogen sulphide exposure. While hydrogen sulphide emits a strong odour of rotten eggs, detection by smell is not sufficient as a warning property for exposure to this substance, as it may deaden the sense of smell quickly.

If on skin: repeated or prolonged exposure can irritate or burn the skin.

The vapour also irritates the eyes.

If swallowed: can irritate the mouth, throat and stomach. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, stomach cramps and diarrhea.

# **Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment**

#### **Special Instructions**

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

# Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# **Extinguishing Media**

# Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small fire: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog. Large fire: Fire fighting foam suitable for the situation.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not spray water onto tank, vessel containing liquid asphalt as water reacts violently with product at elevated

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temperatures; risk of steam explosion.

# **Specific Hazards Arising from the Product**

Can ignite if strongly heated.

Heating increases the release of toxic vapour. non combustible materials but under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

# **Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters**

Chemical protective clothing (e.g. chemical splash suit) and positive pressure SCBA may be necessary. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Use personal protective equipment.

# **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Remove or secure all ignition sources use the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Protect bodies of water, sewer or ground.

# Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Ventilate the area to prevent the gas from accumulating, especially in confined spaces. Contain and soak up spill with absorbent that does not react with spilled product. Place used absorbent into suitable, covered, labelled containers for disposal. Dike spilled product to prevent runoff. Remove or recover liquid using pumps or vacuum equipment. Contact emergency services and manufacturer/supplier for advice.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid generating vapours or mists. Only use where there is adequate ventilation. Immediately report leaks, spills or failures of the safety equipment (e.g. ventilation system). Wear personal protective equipment to avoid direct contact with this chemical.

It is good practice to: avoid breathing product; avoid skin and eye contact and wash hands after handling. Do NOT eat, drink or store food in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas or leaving work area.

# **Conditions for Safe Storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

	ACGIH 1	LV®	OSHA	PEL	AIHA	NEEL
Chemical Name	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA
Asphalt (Bitumen)	0.5 mg/m3 (I) A4 BEI		Not established			
Styrene-butadiene copolymers	3 mg/m3 (R)					
FUEL OIL NO. 2	100 mg/m3					

# Appropriate Engineering Controls

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits. Use only with adequate ventilation. Exhaust ventilation/engineering controls need to keep vapour and gas concentrations below recommended limits and below any lower explosive limits.

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#### **Individual Protection Measures**

#### **Eye/Face Protection**

If a risk assessment indicates that it is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts, then safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used.

#### **Skin Protection**

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, long sleeves, boots. Prevent skin contact. If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, chemical-resistant, imperious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Suitable materials are: nitrile rubber Suitable materials are: nitrile rubber.

### **Respiratory Protection**

If a risk assessment indicates that it is necessary (i.e. H2S concentration is above 10ppm exposure limit), use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter cartridge or canister with a dust, fume or mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited.

# SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### **Basic Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance	Dark black - brown.
Odour	Characteristic asphaltic odour or "rotten egg" odour if H2S present, but odour is an unreliable warning, since it may deaden the sense of smell. (Asphalt (Bitumen))
Odour Threshold	Not applicable
рН	10.5 - 12.0
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not available (melting); 0 °C (freezing)
Initial Boiling Point/Range	100 °C
Flash Point	> 100 °C
Evaporation Rate	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit	Not applicable (upper); Not applicable (lower)
Vapour Pressure	Not applicable
Vapour Density (air = 1)	Not applicable
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.01
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)	Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available (kinematic); Not available (dynamic)
Other Information	
Physical State	Liquid

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions of use.

#### Chemical Stability

Normally stable.

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# **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

Contact between heated Asphalt and water can cause a violent eruption.

**Conditions to Avoid** 

High temperatures.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Acides. Bases. Oxidizers.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Likely Routes of Exposure

Skin contact; eye contact; inhalation.

#### Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
Asphalt (Bitumen)	> 94.4 mg/m3 (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Water		> 89840 mg/kg (rat)	
Stoddard solvent	Not available	Not available	Not available
FUEL OIL NO. 2		~ 12000 mg/kg (rat)	

#### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

May cause mild irritation to skin. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Asphalt fumes can increase susceptibility to sunburn.

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

EYE IRRITANT. May irritate or burn the eyes. The vapour also irritates the eyes. Permanent damage including blindness may result. Hot liquid product may cause thermal burns.

### STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

#### Inhalation

At higher concentrations of H2S (above 10 ppm), hydrogen sulphide is extremely toxic by inhalation, may cause respiratory-tract irritation, nose and throat irritation, depression of the central nervous system, respiratory failure, unconsciousness and/or death. Pulmonary edema can occur up to 24 hours after hydrogen sulphide exposure. While hydrogen sulphide emits a strong odour of rotten eggs, detection by smell is not sufficient as a warning property for exposure to this substance, as it may deaden the sense of smell quickly.

### **Skin Absorption**

Thermal burns from heat.

#### Ingestion

Can burn the lips, tongue, throat and stomach. Can irritate the mouth, throat and stomach. Can cause a laxative effect. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, stomach cramps and diarrhea.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Not known to be an aspiration hazard.

# STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. This product contains small quantities of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Prolonged contact with these compounds has been associated with the induction of skin and lung turmours, anemia, disorders of the liver, bone marrow and lymphoid tissues. Long term inhalation of Benzene or Xylene vapours can result in bone marrow abnormalities with damage to blood forming tissues and may cause anemia and other blood cell abnormalities. Immunodepressive effects have also been reported. Hydrogen sulphide may reduce lung function; cause neurological effects such as headaches, nausea, depression and personality changes; eye amd mucos membrane irritation: damage to cardiovascular system.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization**

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Skin irritation, the symptoms may include redness and itching and swelling it may irritate the respiratory system. **Carcinogenicity** 

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Asphalt (Bitumen)	Group 2B	A4		
FUEL OIL NO. 2	Group 3	A3	Not Listed	

IARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that occupational exposures to oxide asphalt and their emissions during roofing operations are "probably carcinogenic to humans" (Group A). IARC concluded that occupational exposures to hard asphalt and their emissions during mastic asphalt work are "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B). IARC concluded that occupational exposure to straight-run asphalt and their emissions during paving operations are "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B).

An IARC working group has concluded that occupational exposures to straight-run bitumens and their emissions during road paving are 'possibly carcinogenic to humans' (Group 2B).

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

#### **Development of Offspring**

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Sexual Function and Fertility**

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Effects on or via Lactation

Not known to cause effects on or via lactation.

# Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Interactive Effects**

Not Available

# SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Keep out of sewers, drainage areas and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable under Federal and Provincial regulations.

#### Ecotoxicity

Marine Pollutant.

# Persistence and Degradability

No information was located.

# **Bioaccumulative Potential**

This product and its degradation products are not known to bioaccumulate.

# **Mobility in Soil**

Studies are not available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

There is no information available.

# SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# Disposal Methods

Contact local environmental authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods in your jurisdiction. Recycle and reuse product, if possible. The required hazard evaluation of the waste and compliance with the applicable hazardous waste laws are the responsibility of the user. Dispose of or recycle empty containers through an approved waste management facility.

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# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Not regulated under Canadian TDG regulations.

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

#### Canada

# Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL. All ingredients are listed on the DSL or are not required to be listed. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN regulation under CEPA.

### USA

# Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA Rating	Health - 1 Flammability - 1 Instability - 0
SDS Prepared By	EPC & Risk Management Department
Phone No.	1 (416) 281 - 8181
Date of Preparation	January 23, 2018
Date of Last Revision	February 12, 2019
Revision Indicators	The following SDS content was changed on February 20, 2019: SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION; LC50/LD50 values. The following SDS content was changed on March 08, 2019: SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION; LC50/LD50 values.
References	CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). HSDB® database. US National Library of Medicine. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). NIOSH Pocket Guide database. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS®) database. Dassault Systèmes/BIOVIA ("BIOVIA"). Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).
Disclaimer	To the best of our knowledge, the information herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
	Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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